General Description

The MAX9121/MAX9122 quad low-voltage differential signaling (LVDS) differential line receivers are ideal for applications requiring high data rates, low power, and low noise. The MAX9121/MAX9122 are guaranteed to receive data at speeds up to 500Mbps (250MHz) over controlled-impedance media of approximately 100Ω. The transmission media may be printed circuit (PC) board traces or cables.

The MAX9121/MAX9122 accept four LVDS differential inputs and translate them to LVCMOS outputs. The MAX9122 features integrated parallel termination resistors (nominally 107Ω), which eliminate the requirement for four discrete termination resistors and reduce stub lengths. The MAX9121 inputs are high impedance and require an external termination resistor when used in a point-to-point connection.

The devices support a wide common-mode input range of 0.05V to 2.35V, allowing for ground potential differences and common-mode noise between the driver and the receiver. A fail-safe feature sets the output high when the inputs are open, or when the inputs are undriven and shorted or parallel terminated. The EN and EN inputs control the high-impedance output. The enables are common to all four receivers. Inputs conform to the ANSI TIA/EIA-644 LVDS standard. Flow-through pinout simplifies PC board layout and reduces crosstalk by separating the LVDS inputs and LVCMOS outputs. The MAX9121/MAX9122 operate from a single +3.3V supply, and are specified for operation from -40°C to +85°C. These devices are available in 16-pin TSSOP and SO packages. Refer to the MAX9123 data sheet for a quad LVDS line driver with flow-through pinout.

Features

- Integrated Termination Eliminates Four External Resistors (MAX9122)
- Flow-Through Pinout
  - Simplifies PC Board Layout
  - Reduces Crosstalk
- Pin Compatible with DS90LV048A
- Guaranteed 500Mbps Data Rate
- 300ps Pulse Skew (max)
- Conform to ANSI TIA/EIA-644 LVDS Standard
- Single +3.3V Supply
- Fail-Safe Circuit

Ordering Information

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PART</th>
<th>TEMP. RANGE</th>
<th>PIN-PACKAGE</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>MAX9121EUE</td>
<td>-40°C to +85°C</td>
<td>16 TSSOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX9121ESE</td>
<td>-40°C to +85°C</td>
<td>16 SO</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX9122EUE</td>
<td>-40°C to +85°C</td>
<td>16 TSSOP</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>MAX9122ESE</td>
<td>-40°C to +85°C</td>
<td>16 SO</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Pin Configuration appears at end of data sheet.

Typical Application Circuit

Applications

- Digital Copiers
- Laser Printers
- Cellular Phone Base Stations
- Add/Drop Muxes
- Digital Cross-Connects
- DSLAMs
- Network Switches/Routers
- Backplane Interconnect
- Clock Distribution
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

### ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

- **VCC to GND**: -0.3V to +4.0V
- **IN_+, IN_- to GND**: -0.3V to +4.0V
- **EN, EN to GND**: -0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)
- **OUT_ to GND**: -0.3V to (VCC + 0.3V)

Continuous Power Dissipation (TA = +70°C)

- 16-Pin TSSOP (derate 9.4mW/°C above +70°C) ..........755mW
- 16-Pin SO (derate 8.7mW/°C above +70°C) ................696mW

Storage Temperature Range.............................-65°C to +150°C
Maximum Junction Temperature............................+150°C
Operating Temperature Range...........................-40°C to +85°C
Lead Temperature (soldering, 10s).........................+300°C
ESD Protection
- (Human Body Model, IN_+, IN_-) .........................±8kV

Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these or any other conditions beyond those indicated in the operational sections of the specifications is not implied. Exposure to absolute maximum rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

### DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

(VCC = +3.0V to +3.6V, differential input voltage |V_ID| = 0.1V to 1.0V, common-mode voltage V_CM = |V_ID/2| to 2.4V - |V_ID/2|, TA = -40°C to +85°C. Typical values are at VCC = +3.3V, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Note 1)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>LVDS INPUTS (IN_+, IN_-)</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Input High Threshold</td>
<td>VTH</td>
<td></td>
<td>100</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Input Low Threshold</td>
<td>VTL</td>
<td></td>
<td>-100</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Current (MAX9121)</td>
<td>IIN_+, IIN_-</td>
<td>0.1V ≤</td>
<td>V_ID</td>
<td>≤ 0.6V</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.6V &lt;</td>
<td>V_ID</td>
<td>≤ 1.0V</td>
<td>-25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Power-Off Input Current (MAX9121)</td>
<td>IINOFF</td>
<td>0.1V ≤</td>
<td>V_ID</td>
<td>≤ 0.6V, VCC = 0</td>
<td>-20</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.6V &lt;</td>
<td>V_ID</td>
<td>≤ 1.0V, VCC = 0</td>
<td>-25</td>
<td>25</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Resistor 1</td>
<td>RIN1</td>
<td>VCC = 3.6V or 0, Figure 1</td>
<td>35</td>
<td></td>
<td>kΩ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Resistor 2</td>
<td>RIN2</td>
<td>VCC = 3.6V or 0, Figure 1</td>
<td>132</td>
<td></td>
<td>kΩ</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Input Resistance (MAX9122)</td>
<td>RDIFF</td>
<td>VCC = 3.6V or 0, Figure 1</td>
<td>90</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>132</td>
<td>Ω</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **LVCMOS/LVTTL OUTPUTS (OUT_)** | | | | | |
| Output High Voltage (Table 1) | VOH | IOH = -4.0mA (MAX9121) | Open, undriven short, or undriven 100Ω parallel termination | 2.7 | 3.2 | V |
| | | | | | |
| | | V_ID = +100mV | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| | | | | | |
| | | IOH = -4.0mA (MAX9122) | Open or undriven short | 2.7 | 3.2 | |
| | | | | | |
| | | V_ID = +100mV | 2.7 | 3.2 |
| Output Low Voltage | VLO | IOL = +4.0mA, V_ID = -100mV | | | |
| Output Short-Circuit Current | IOS | Enabled, V_ID = 0.1V, VOUT_ = 0 (Note 2) | -15 | -120 | mA |
| Output High-Impedance Current | IOZ | Disabled, VOUT_ = 0 or VCC | -10 | +10 | µA |
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

DC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

\((V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, \text{ differential input voltage } |V_{ID}| = 0.1V \text{ to } 1.0V, \text{ common-mode voltage } V_{CM} = |V_{ID}/2| \text{ to } 2.4V - |V_{ID}/2|, T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ to } +85^\circ C. \text{ Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, T_A = +25^\circ C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) (Note 1)\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>LOGIC INPUTS (EN, (\bar{EN}))</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input High Voltage</td>
<td>(V_{IH})</td>
<td></td>
<td>2.0</td>
<td>V_{CC}</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Low Voltage</td>
<td>(V_{IL})</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.0</td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Input Current</td>
<td>(I_N)</td>
<td>(V_{IN} = V_{CC} \text{ or } 0)</td>
<td>-15</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td>(\mu A)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>SUPPLY</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Supply Current</td>
<td>(I_{CC})</td>
<td>Enabled, inputs open</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disabled Supply Current</td>
<td>(I_{CCZ})</td>
<td>Disabled, inputs open</td>
<td></td>
<td>0.07</td>
<td>0.5</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

\((V_{CC} = +3.0V \text{ to } +3.6V, C_L = 15pF, \text{ differential input voltage } |V_{ID}| = 0.2V \text{ to } 1.0V, \text{ common-mode voltage } V_{CM} = |V_{ID}/2| \text{ to } 2.4V - |V_{ID}/2|, \text{ input rise and fall time } = 1ns \text{ (20% to 80%)}, \text{ input frequency } = 100MHz, T_A = -40^\circ C \text{ to } +85^\circ C. \text{ Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3V, V_{CM} = 1.2V, |V_{ID}| = 0.2V, T_A = +25^\circ C, \text{ unless otherwise noted.}) (Notes 3, 4)\)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PARAMETER</th>
<th>SYMBOL</th>
<th>CONDITIONS</th>
<th>MIN</th>
<th>TYP</th>
<th>MAX</th>
<th>UNITS</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Differential Propagation Delay High to Low</td>
<td>(t_{PHLD})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.93</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Propagation Delay Low to High</td>
<td>(t_{PLHD})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td>1.2</td>
<td>1.79</td>
<td>2.7</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Pulse Skew ([t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD}]) (Note 5)</td>
<td>(t_{SKD1})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td></td>
<td>140</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>ps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Channel-to-Channel Skew (Note 6)</td>
<td>(t_{SKD2})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>400</td>
<td>ps</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Part-to-Part Skew (Note 7)</td>
<td>(t_{SKD3})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>0.8</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Differential Part-to-Part Skew (Note 8)</td>
<td>(t_{SKD4})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>1.5</td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rise-Time</td>
<td>(t_{TLH})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td>0.55</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Fall-Time</td>
<td>(t_{THL})</td>
<td>Figures 2 and 3</td>
<td>0.54</td>
<td>1.0</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable Time High to Z</td>
<td>(t_{PHZ})</td>
<td>(R_L = 2k\Omega), Figures 4 and 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Disable Time Low to Z</td>
<td>(t_{PLZ})</td>
<td>(R_L = 2k\Omega), Figures 4 and 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Time Z to High</td>
<td>(t_{PZH})</td>
<td>(R_L = 2k\Omega), Figures 4 and 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>70</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Enable Time Z to Low</td>
<td>(t_{PZL})</td>
<td>(R_L = 2k\Omega), Figures 4 and 5</td>
<td></td>
<td>70</td>
<td></td>
<td>ns</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Maximum Operating Frequency (Note 9)</td>
<td>(f_{MAX})</td>
<td>All channels switching</td>
<td>250</td>
<td>300</td>
<td></td>
<td>MHz</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

AC ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS (continued)

\( V_{CC} = +3.0\, \text{V} \text{ to } +3.6\, \text{V}, C_L = 15\, \text{pF}, \text{ differential input voltage } |V_{ID}| = 0.2\, \text{V} \text{ to } 1.0\, \text{V}, \text{ common-mode voltage } V_{CM} = |V_{ID}| \text{ to } 2.4\, \text{V} - |V_{ID}|, \text{ input rise and fall time } = 1\, \text{ns} \text{ (20\% to 80\%), input frequency } = 100\, \text{MHz}, T_A = -40\, ^\circ \text{C} \text{ to } +85\, ^\circ \text{C}. \text{ Typical values are at } V_{CC} = +3.3\, \text{V}, V_{CM} = 1.2\, \text{V}, |V_{ID}| = 0.2\, \text{V}, T_A = +25\, ^\circ \text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.} \) (Notes 3, 4)

**Note 1:** Current into a pin is defined as positive. Current out of a pin is defined as negative. All voltages are referenced to ground except \( V_{TH}, V_{TL}, \text{ and } V_{IP}. \)

**Note 2:** Short only one output at a time. Do not exceed the absolute maximum junction temperature specification.

**Note 3:** AC parameters are guaranteed by design and characterization.

**Note 4:** \( C_L \) includes scope probe and test jig capacitance.

**Note 5:** \( t_{SKD1} \) is the magnitude difference of differential propagation delays in a channel. \( t_{SKD1} = |t_{PHLD} - t_{PLHD}|. \)

**Note 6:** \( t_{SKD2} \) is the magnitude difference of the \( t_{PHLD} \) or \( t_{PLHD} \) of one channel and the \( t_{PHLD} \) or \( t_{PLHD} \) of any other channel on the same part.

**Note 7:** \( t_{SKD3} \) is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between parts operating over rated conditions at the same \( V_{CC} \) and within 5\(^\circ\)C of each other.

**Note 8:** \( t_{SKD4} \) is the magnitude difference of any differential propagation delays between parts operating over rated conditions.

**Note 9:** \( f_{MAX} \) generator output conditions: rise-time = fall-time = 1\, \text{ns} \text{ (0\% to 100\%), 50\% duty cycle, } V_{OH} = +1.3\, \text{V}, V_{OL} = +1.1\, \text{V}, \text{ MAX9121/MAX9122 output criteria: 60\% to 40\% duty cycle, } V_{OL} = 0.4\, \text{V (max), } V_{OH} = 2.7\, \text{V (min), load = 15pF.} \)

**Typical Operating Characteristics**

\( V_{CC} = +3.3\, \text{V}, V_{CM} = +1.2\, \text{V}, |V_{ID}| = 0.2\, \text{V}, T_A = +25\, ^\circ \text{C}, \text{ unless otherwise noted.} \) (Figures 2 and 3)
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

Typical Operating Characteristics (continued)

(VCC = +3.3V, VCM = +1.2V, |VID| = 0.2V, CL = 15pF, TA = +25°C, unless otherwise noted.) (Figures 2 and 3)

- **Output Low Voltage vs. Supply Voltage**
  - Graph showing output low voltage (mV) vs. supply voltage (V)
  - Key markers: 3.0, 3.3, 3.6 V

- **Differential Propagation Delay vs. Supply Voltage**
  - Graph showing differential propagation delay (ns) vs. supply voltage (V)
  - Key markers: 1.50, 1.70, 1.90 ns

- **Differential Propagation Delay vs. Temperature**
  - Graph showing differential propagation delay (ns) vs. temperature (°C)
  - Key markers: -40, 10, -15, 35, 60, 85 °C

- **Differential Propagation Delay vs. Common-Mode Voltage**
  - Graph showing differential propagation delay (ns) vs. common-mode voltage (V)
  - Key markers: -0.5, 0, 0.5, 1.0, 1.5, 2.0, 2.5 V

- **Differential Propagation Delay vs. Differential Input Voltage**
  - Graph showing differential propagation delay (ns) vs. differential input voltage (mV)
  - Key markers: 100, 900, 1700, 2500 mV

- **Differential Pulse Skew vs. Supply Voltage**
  - Graph showing differential pulse skew (ps) vs. supply voltage (V)
  - Key markers: 200, 175, 150, 125, 100 ps

- **Transition Time vs. Supply Voltage**
  - Graph showing transition time (ps) vs. supply voltage (V)
  - Key markers: 500, 525, 550, 575 ps

- **Transition Time vs. Temperature**
  - Graph showing transition time (ps) vs. temperature (°C)
  - Key markers: -40, -15, 10, 35, 60, 85 °C
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

Detailed Description

The LVDS interface standard is a signaling method intended for point-to-point communication over a controlled-impedance medium as defined by the ANSI TIA/EIA-644 and IEEE 1596.3 standards. The LVDS standard uses a lower voltage swing than other common communication standards, achieving higher data rates with reduced power consumption while reducing EMI emissions and system susceptibility to noise.

The MAX9121/MAX9122 are 500Mbps, four-channel LVDS receivers intended for high-speed, point-to-point, low-power applications. Each channel accepts an LVDS input and translates it to an LVTTL/LVCMOS output. The receiver is capable of detecting differential signals as low as 100mV and as high as 1V within an input voltage range of 0 to 2.4V. The 250mV to 400mV differential output of an LVDS driver is nominally centered around a +1.2V offset. This offset, coupled with the receiver’s 0 to 2.4V input voltage range, allows an approximate ±1V shift in the signal (as seen by the receiver). This allows for a difference in ground references of the transmitter and the receiver, the common-mode effects of coupled noise, or both. The LVDS standards specify an input voltage range of 0 to +2.4V referenced to receiver ground.

The MAX9122 has an integrated termination resistor that is internally connected across each receiver input. The internal termination saves board space, eases layout, and reduces stub length compared to an external termination resistor. In other words, the transmission line is terminated on the IC.

Fail-Safe

The fail-safe feature of the MAX9121/MAX9122 sets an output high when:

- Inputs are open.
- Inputs are undriven and shorted.
- Inputs are undriven and terminated.

A fail-safe circuit is important because under these conditions, noise at the inputs may switch the receiver and it may appear to the system that data is being

---

### Pin Description

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>PIN</th>
<th>NAME</th>
<th>FUNCTION</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1, 4, 5, 8</td>
<td>IN_-</td>
<td>Inverting Differential Receiver Inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2, 3, 6, 7</td>
<td>IN_+</td>
<td>Noninverting Differential Receiver Inputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>9, 16</td>
<td>EN, EN</td>
<td>Receiver Enable Inputs. When EN = high and EN = low or open, the outputs are active. For other combinations of EN and EN, the outputs are disabled and in high impedance.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>10, 11, 14, 15</td>
<td>OUT_</td>
<td>LVCMOS/LVTTL Receiver Outputs</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>12</td>
<td>GND</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>13</td>
<td>VCC</td>
<td>Power-Supply Input. Bypass VCC to GND with 0.1µF and 0.001µF ceramic capacitors.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Table 1. Input/Output Function Table

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>ENABLES</th>
<th>INPUTS</th>
<th>OUTPUT</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>(IN_+) - (IN_-)</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>H</td>
<td>V_ID ≥ +100mV</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>V_ID ≤ -100mV</td>
<td>L</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MAX9121 Open, undriven short, or undriven 100Ω parallel termination</td>
<td>H</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>MAX9122 Open or undriven short</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>All other combinations of ENABLE pins</td>
<td>Don’t care</td>
<td>Z</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

**Applications Information**

**Power-Supply Bypassing**

Bypass the VCC pin with high-frequency surface-mount ceramic 0.1μF and 0.001μF capacitors in parallel as close to the device as possible, with the smaller valued capacitor closest to VCC.

**Differential Traces**

Input trace characteristics affect the performance of the MAX9121/MAX9122. Use controlled-impedance PCB board traces to match the cable characteristic impedance. The termination resistor is also matched to this characteristic impedance. Eliminate reflections and ensure that noise couples as common mode by running the differential traces close together. Reduce skew by matching the electrical length of the traces. Excessive skew can result in a degradation of magnetic field cancellation.

Each channel’s differential signals should be routed close to each other to cancel their external magnetic field. Maintain a constant distance between the differential traces to avoid discontinuities in differential impedance. Avoid 90° turns and minimize the number of vias to further prevent impedance discontinuities.
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

**Cables and Connectors**
Transmission media typically have a controlled differential impedance of 100Ω. Use cables and connectors that have matched differential impedance to minimize impedance discontinuities.

Avoid the use of unbalanced cables such as ribbon or simple coaxial cable. Balanced cables such as twisted pair offer superior signal quality and tend to generate less EMI due to magnetic field canceling effects. Balanced cables pick up noise as common mode, which is rejected by the LVDS receiver.

**Termination**
The MAX9122 has an integrated termination resistor connected across the inputs of each receiver. The value of the integrated resistor is specified in the DC characteristics.

The MAX9121 requires an external termination resistor. The termination resistor should match the differential impedance of the transmission line. Termination resistance values may range between 90Ω to 132Ω, depending on the characteristic impedance of the transmission medium.

When using the MAX9121, minimize the distance between the input termination resistors and the MAX9121 receiver inputs. Use 1% surface-mount resistors.
Because the MAX9121/MAX9122 feature a flow-through pinout, no special layout precautions are required. Keep the LVDS and any other digital signals separated from each other to reduce crosstalk.

For LVDS applications, a four-layer PC board that provides separate power, ground, LVDS signals, and input signals is recommended. Isolate the input LVDS signals from each other to prevent coupling. Isolate the output LVCMOS/LVTTL signals from each other to prevent coupling. Separate the input LVDS signals from the output signals planes with the power and ground planes for best results.
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

**Functional Diagram**

**Pin Configuration**
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

Package Information

MAX9121/MAX9122

Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

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Package Information

MAX9121/MAX9122
Quad LVDS Line Receivers with Integrated Termination and Flow-Through Pinout

Package Information (continued)

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<tr>
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Notes:
1. TOL DO NOT INCLUDE MOLD FLASH
2. MOLD FLASH OR PROTRUSIONS NOT TO EXCEED 15m (0.006")
3. LEADS TO BE COPLANAR WITHIN 100m (0.004")
4. CONTROLLING DIMENSION: MILLIMETER
5. MEETS JEDEC MO-212-XX AS SHOWN IN ABOVE TABLE
6. N = NUMBER OF PINS